HB3897 FA1 KannadyCh-MAH(Untimely Filed) 3/9/2022 2:15:18 pm

FLOOR AMENDMENT HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

State of Oklahoma

SPEAKER:

CHAIR:

I move to amend <u>HB3897</u> Of the printed Bill

Page Section Lines

Of the Engrossed Bill

By striking the Title, the Enacting Clause, the entire bill, and by inserting in lieu thereof the following language:

AMEND TITLE TO CONFORM TO AMENDMENTS

Amendment submitted by: Chris Kannady

Adopted: _____

Reading Clerk

| 1 | STATE OF OKLAHOMA |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2 | 2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022) |
| 3 | FLOOR SUBSTITUTE FOR |
| 4 | HOUSE BILL NO. 3897 By: Kannady |
| 5 | |
| 6 | FLOOR SUBSTITUTE |
| 7 | An Act relating to workers' compensation; amending 85A 0.S. 2021, Sections 2, 3, 5, 13, 35, 45, 46, 47, |
| 8 | 50, 69, 80, 112 and 400, which relate to administration of the workers' compensation system; |
| 9 | modifying definitions; modifying terms related to compensable injury; modifying terms related to |
| 10 | accidents; modifying provisions related to exclusive nature of remedy; modifying reference to certain |
| 11 | publication; modifying provisions related to liability for intentional acts; modifying provisions |
| 12 | related to permanent partial disability; modifying provisions related to compensation for loss of |
| 13 14 | certain scheduled members; modifying provisions related to computation of certain benefit amounts; modifying provisions related to computation of |
| 14 | <pre>modifying provisions related to computation of certain time periods; modifying provisions related to certain beneficiary payments; modifying provisions</pre> |
| 16 | related to travel reimbursement process; imposing certain time limits; providing for computation of |
| 17 | amounts; modifying provisions related to filing of claims; modifying provisions related to final order |
| 18 | for permanent disability; authorizing review by Workers' Compensation Commission; authorizing process |
| 19 | for independent medical examiner in certain circumstances; providing for service as independent |
| 20 | medical examiner based on certain license status; modifying provisions related to terms of Judges of |
| 21 | Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims; providing an effective date; and declaring an |
| 22 | emergency. |
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24 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

1SECTION 1.AMENDATORY85A O.S. 2021, Section 2, is2amended to read as follows:

3 Section 2. As used in the Administrative Workers' Compensation 4 Act:

5 1. "Actually dependent" means a surviving spouse, a child or 6 any other person who receives one-half (1/2) or more of his or her 7 support from the employee;

8 2. "Carrier" means any stock company, mutual company, or 9 reciprocal or interinsurance exchange authorized to write or carry 10 on the business of workers' compensation insurance in this state. 11 Whenever required by the context, the term "carrier" shall be deemed 12 to include duly qualified self-insureds or self-insured groups;

13 3. "Case management" means the ongoing coordination, by a case 14 manager, of health care services provided to an injured or disabled 15 worker, including but not limited to systematically monitoring the 16 treatment rendered and the medical progress of the injured or 17 disabled worker; ensuring that any treatment plan follows all 18 appropriate treatment protocols, utilization controls and practice parameters; assessing whether alternative health care services are 19 20 appropriate and delivered in a cost-effective manner based upon 21 acceptable medical standards; and ensuring that the injured or 22 disabled worker is following the prescribed health care plan; 23 4. "Case manager" means a person who is a registered nurse with 24 a current, active unencumbered license from the Oklahoma Board of

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Nursing, or possesses one or more of the following certifications which indicate the individual has a minimum number of years of case management experience, has passed a national competency test and regularly obtains continuing education hours to maintain certification:

| 6 | a. | Certified Disability Management Specialist (CDMS), |
|----|----|----------------------------------------------------|
| 7 | b. | Certified Case Manager (CCM), |
| 8 | с. | Certified Rehabilitation Registered Nurse (CRRN), |
| 9 | d. | Case Manager - Certified (CMC), |
| 10 | e. | Certified Occupational Health Nurse (COHN), or |

11 f. Certified Occupational Health Nurse Specialist (COHN-12 S);

13 5. "Certified workplace medical plan" means an organization of 14 health care providers or any other entity, certified by the State 15 Commissioner of Health, that is authorized to enter into a 16 contractual agreement with an employer, group self-insurance 17 association plan, an employer's workers' compensation insurance 18 carrier, third-party administrator or an insured to provide medical 19 care under the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act. Certified 20 plans shall only include plans which provide medical services and 21 payment for services on a fee-for-service basis to medical 22 providers;

6. "Child" means a natural or adopted son or daughter of the employee under eighteen (18) years of age; or a natural or adopted

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1 son or daughter of an employee eighteen (18) years of age or over who is physically or mentally incapable of self-support; or any 2 natural or adopted son or daughter of an employee eighteen (18) 3 years of age or over who is actually dependent; or any natural or 4 5 adopted son or daughter of an employee between eighteen (18) and twenty-three (23) years of age who is enrolled as a full-time 6 7 student in any accredited educational institution. The term "child" includes a posthumous child, a child legally adopted or one for whom 8 9 adoption proceedings are pending at the time of death, an actually 10 dependent stepchild or an actually dependent acknowledged child born 11 out of wedlock;

12 7. "Claimant" means a person who claims benefits for an injury 13 or occupational disease pursuant to the provisions of the 14 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act;

8. 15 "Commission" means the Workers' Compensation Commission; 16 9. "Compensable injury" means damage or harm to the a. 17 physical structure of the body, or damage or harm to 18 prosthetic appliances, including eyeglasses, contact 19 lenses, or hearing aids, of which the major cause is 20 either an accident, cumulative trauma or occupational 21 disease arising out of the course and scope of 22 employment. An "accident" means an event involving 23 factors external to the employee that:

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| 1 | (1) | was unintended, unanticipated, unforeseen, |
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| 2 | | unplanned and unexpected, |
| 3 | (2) | occurred at a specifically identifiable time and |
| 4 | | place, |
| 5 | (3) | occurred by chance or from unknown causes, or |
| 6 | (4) | was independent of sickness, mental incapacity, |
| 7 | | bodily infirmity or any other cause, and |
| 8 | (5) | was not as the result of an intentional act. |
| 9 | b. "Com | pensable injury" does not include: |
| 10 | (1) | injury to any active participant in assaults or |
| 11 | | combats which, although they may occur in the |
| 12 | | workplace, are the result of non-employment- |
| 13 | | related hostility or animus of one, both, or all |
| 14 | | of the combatants and which assault or combat |
| 15 | | amounts to a deviation from customary duties; |
| 16 | | provided, however, injuries caused by horseplay |
| 17 | | shall not be considered to be compensable |
| 18 | | injuries, except for innocent victims, |
| 19 | (2) | injury incurred while engaging in or performing |
| 20 | | or as the result of engaging in or performing any |
| 21 | | recreational or social activities for the |
| 22 | | employee's personal pleasure, |
| 23 | (3) | injury which was inflicted on the employee at a |
| 24 | | time when employment services were not being |
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1 performed or before the employee was hired or 2 after the employment relationship was terminated, 3 injury if the accident was caused by the use of (4) 4 alcohol, illegal drugs, or prescription drugs 5 used in contravention of physician's orders. Ιf 6 a biological specimen is collected within twenty-7 four (24) hours of the employee being injured or reporting an injury, or if at any time after the 8 9 injury a biological specimen is collected by the 10 Oklahoma Office of the Chief Medical Examiner if 11 the injured employee does not survive for at 12 least twenty-four (24) hours after the injury and 13 the employee tests positive for intoxication, an 14 illegal controlled substance, or a legal 15 controlled substance used in contravention to a 16 treating physician's orders, or refuses to 17 undergo the drug and alcohol testing, there shall 18 be a rebuttable presumption that the injury was 19 caused by the use of alcohol, illegal drugs, or 20 prescription drugs used in contravention of 21 physician's orders. This presumption may only be 22 overcome if the employee proves by clear and 23 convincing evidence that his or her state of

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intoxication had no causal relationship to the injury,

| 3 | | (5) | any strain, degeneration, damage or harm to, or |
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| 4 | | | disease or condition of, the eye or |
| 5 | | | musculoskeletal structure or other body part |
| 6 | | | resulting from the natural results of aging, |
| 7 | | | osteoarthritis, arthritis, or degenerative |
| 8 | | | process including, but not limited to, |
| 9 | | | degenerative joint disease, degenerative disc |
| 10 | | | disease, degenerative |
| 11 | | | spondylosis/spondylolisthesis and spinal |
| 12 | | | stenosis, or |
| 13 | | (6) | any preexisting condition except when the |
| 14 | | | treating physician clearly confirms an |
| 15 | | | identifiable and significant aggravation incurred |
| 16 | | | in the course and scope of $employment_{\underline{\prime}}$ |
| 17 | | (7) | any injury resulting from an idiopathic injury or |
| 18 | | | condition, or |
| 19 | | (8) | any injury resulting from an intentional act. |
| 20 | с. | Wher | e compensation is payable for an injury resulting |
| 21 | | from | cumulative trauma, the last employer in whose |
| 22 | | empl | oyment the employee was last injuriously exposed |
| 23 | | to t | he trauma during a period of at least ninety (90) |
| 24 | | days | or more, and the insurance carrier, if any, on |

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| 1 | | the risk when the employee was last so exposed under |
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| 2 | | such employer, shall alone be liable therefor, without |
| 3 | | right to contribution from any prior employer or |
| 4 | | insurance carrier. If there is no employer in whose |
| 5 | | employment the employee was injuriously exposed to the |
| 6 | | trauma for a period of at least ninety (90) days, then |
| 7 | | the last employer in whose employment the employee was |
| 8 | | last injuriously exposed to the trauma and the |
| 9 | | insurance carrier, if any, on the risk when such |
| 10 | | employee was last so exposed under such employer, |
| 11 | | shall be liable therefor, with right to contribution |
| 12 | | from any prior employer or insurance carrier. |
| 13 | <u>d.</u> | A compensable injury shall be established by medical |
| 14 | | evidence supported by objective findings as defined in |
| 15 | | paragraph $\frac{31}{33}$ of this section. |
| 16 | d. <u>e.</u> | The injured employee shall prove by a preponderance of |
| 17 | | the evidence that he or she has suffered a compensable |
| 18 | | injury. |
| 19 | e. <u>f.</u> | Benefits shall not be payable for a condition which |
| 20 | | results from a non-work-related independent |
| 21 | | intervening cause following a compensable injury which |
| 22 | | causes or prolongs disability, aggravation, or |
| 23 | | requires treatment. A non-work-related independent |
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intervening cause does not require negligence or recklessness on the part of a claimant.

An employee who suffers a compensable injury shall be entitled to receive compensation as prescribed in this act. Notwithstanding other provisions of law, if it is determined that a compensable injury did not occur, the employee shall not be entitled to compensation under this act;

9 10. "Compensation" means the money allowance payable to the 10 employee or to his or her dependents and includes the medical 11 services and supplies provided for in Section 50 of this title and 12 funeral expenses;

13 11. "Consequential injury" means injury or harm to a part of 14 the body that is a direct result of the injury or medical treatment 15 to the part of the body originally injured in the claim. The 16 Commission shall not make a finding of a consequential injury unless 17 it is established by objective medical evidence that medical 18 treatment for such part of the body is required;

19 12. "Continuing medical maintenance" means medical treatment 20 that is reasonable and necessary to maintain claimant's condition 21 resulting from the compensable injury or illness after reaching 22 maximum medical improvement. Continuing medical maintenance shall 23 not include diagnostic tests, surgery, injections, counseling, 24 physical therapy, or pain management devices or equipment;

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1 13. "Course and scope of employment" means an activity of any 2 kind or character for which the employee was hired and that relates to and derives from the work, business, trade or profession of an 3 employer, and is performed by an employee in the furtherance of the 4 5 affairs or business of an employer. The term includes activities 6 conducted on the premises of an employer or at other locations 7 designated by an employer and travel by an employee in furtherance of the affairs of an employer that is specifically directed by the 8 9 employer. This term does not include:

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 an employee's transportation to and from his or her place of employment,

12 travel by an employee in furtherance of the affairs of b. 13 an employer if the travel is also in furtherance of 14 personal or private affairs of the employee, 15 any injury occurring in a parking lot or other common с. 16 area adjacent to an employer's place of business 17 before the employee clocks in or otherwise begins work 18 for the employer or after the employee clocks out or 19 otherwise stops work for the employer unless the 20 employer owns or maintains exclusive control over the

area, or

d. any injury occurring while an employee is on a work
break, unless the injury occurs while the employee is
on a work break inside the employer's facility or in

1 an area owned by or exclusively controlled by the 2 employer and the work break is authorized by the 3 employee's supervisor;

"Cumulative trauma" means an injury to an employee that is 4 14. 5 caused by the combined effect of repetitive physical activities extending over a period of time in the course and scope of 6 employment. Cumulative trauma shall not mean fatigue, soreness or 7 general aches and pain that may have been caused, aggravated, 8 9 exacerbated or accelerated by the employee's course and scope of 10 employment. Cumulative trauma shall have resulted directly and 11 independently of all other causes;

12 15. "Death" means only death resulting from compensable injury 13 as defined in paragraph 9 of this section;

14 16. "Disability" means incapacity because of compensable injury 15 to earn, in the same or any other employment, substantially the same 16 amount of wages the employee was receiving at the time of the 17 compensable injury;

18 17. "Drive-away operations" includes every person engaged in 19 the business of transporting and delivering new or used vehicles by 20 driving, either singly or by towbar, saddle-mount or full-mount 21 method, or any combination thereof, with or without towing a 22 privately owned vehicle;

18. a. "Employee" means any person, including a minor, in the
 service of an employer under any contract of hire or

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1 apprenticeship, written or oral, expressed or implied, but excluding one whose employment is casual and not in the course of the trade, business, profession, or occupation of his or her employer and excluding one who is required to perform work for a municipality or county or the state or federal government on having been convicted of a criminal offense or while incarcerated. "Employee" shall also include a member of the Oklahoma National Guard while in the 10 performance of duties only while in response to state 11 orders and any authorized voluntary or uncompensated 12 worker, rendering services as a firefighter, law 13 enforcement officer or emergency management worker. Travel by a police officer, fireman, or a member of a 15 first aid or rescue squad, in responding to and 16 returning from an emergency, shall be deemed to be in 17 the course of employment.

18 The term "employee" shall not include: b.

19 (1)any person for whom an employer is liable under 20 any Act of Congress for providing compensation to 21 employees for injuries, disease or death arising 22 out of and in the course of employment including, 23 but not limited to, the Federal Employees' 24 Compensation Act, the Federal Employers'

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Liability Act, the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act and the Jones Act, to the extent his or her employees are subject to such acts,

- any person who is employed in agriculture, 4 (2) 5 ranching or horticulture by an employer who had a 6 gross annual payroll in the preceding calendar 7 year of less than One Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) wages for agricultural, ranching or 8 horticultural workers, or any person who is 9 10 employed in agriculture, ranching or horticulture 11 who is not engaged in operation of motorized 12 machines. This exemption applies to any period 13 of time for which such employment exists, 14 irrespective of whether or not the person is 15 employed in other activities for which the 16 exemption does not apply. If the person is 17 employed for part of a year in exempt activities 18 and for part of a year in nonexempt activities, 19 the employer shall be responsible for providing 20 workers' compensation only for the period of time 21 for which the person is employed in nonexempt 22 activities,
 - (3) any person who is a licensed real estate sales associate or broker, paid on a commission basis,

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1 (4) any person employed by an employer with five or 2 fewer total employees, all of whom are related 3 within the second degree by blood or marriage to the employer, all of whom are dependents living 4 5 in the household of the employer, or all of whom 6 are a combination of such relatives and 7 dependents. If the employer is not a natural 8 person such relative shall be related within the 9 second degree by blood or marriage to a person 10 who owns fifty percent (50%) or more of the 11 employer, or such dependent shall be in the 12 household of a person who owns fifty percent 13 (50%) or more of the employer, 14 any person employed by an employer which is a (5)

15 youth sports league which qualifies for exemption 16 from federal income taxation pursuant to federal 17 law,

18 (6) sole proprietors, members of a partnership,
19 individuals who are party to a franchise
20 agreement as set out by the Federal Trade
21 Commission franchise disclosure rule, 16 CFR
22 436.1 through 436.11, members of a limited
23 liability company who own at least ten percent
24 (10%) of the capital of the limited liability

company or any stockholder-employees of a corporation who own ten percent (10%) or more stock in the corporation, unless they elect to be covered by a policy of insurance covering benefits under the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act,

- 7 any person providing or performing voluntary (7) service who receives no wages for the services 8 other than meals, drug or alcohol rehabilitative 10 therapy, transportation, lodging or reimbursement 11 for incidental expenses except for volunteers 12 specifically provided for in subparagraph a of 13 this paragraph,
- 14 a person, commonly referred to as an owner-(8) 15 operator, who owns or leases a truck-tractor or 16 truck for hire, if the owner-operator actually 17 operates the truck-tractor or truck and if the 18 person contracting with the owner-operator is not 19 the lessor of the truck-tractor or truck. 20 Provided, however, an owner-operator shall not be 21 precluded from workers' compensation coverage 22 under the Administrative Workers' Compensation 23 Act if the owner-operator elects to participate 24 as a sole proprietor,

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1 (9) a person referred to as a drive-away owner-2 operator who privately owns and utilizes a tow vehicle in drive-away operations and operates 3 independently for hire, if the drive-away owner-4 5 operator actually utilizes the tow vehicle and if the person contracting with the drive-away owner-6 7 operator is not the lessor of the tow vehicle. Provided, however, a drive-away owner-operator 8 9 shall not be precluded from workers' compensation 10 coverage under the Administrative Workers' 11 Compensation Act if the drive-away owner-operator 12 elects to participate as a sole proprietor, and 13 (10) any person who is employed as a domestic servant 14 or as a casual worker in and about a private home 15 or household, which private home or household had 16 a gross annual payroll in the preceding calendar 17 year of less than Fifty Thousand Dollars 18 (\$50,000.00) for such workers; 19 "Employer" means a natural person, partnership, 19. 20 association, limited liability company, corporation, and the legal 21 representatives of a deceased employer, or the receiver or trustee 22 of a person, partnership, association, corporation, or limited 23 liability company, departments, instrumentalities and institutions

24 of this state and divisions thereof, counties and divisions thereof,

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public trusts, boards of education and incorporated cities or towns and divisions thereof, employing a person included within the term "employee" as defined in this section. Employer may also mean the employer's workers' compensation insurance carrier, if applicable. Except as provided otherwise, this act applies to all public and private entities and institutions;

7 20. "Employment" includes work or labor in a trade, business, 8 occupation or activity carried on by an employer or any authorized 9 voluntary or uncompensated worker rendering services as a 10 firefighter, peace officer or emergency management worker;

11 21. "Evidence-based" means expert-based, literature-supported 12 and outcomes validated by well-designed randomized trials when such 13 information is available and which uses the best available evidence 14 to support medical decision making;

15 22. "Gainful employment" means the capacity to perform 16 employment for wages for a period of time that is not part-time, 17 occasional or sporadic;

18 23. <u>"Idiopathic" means an injury or condition, where neither</u> 19 <u>the cause, nor the resulting injury bears any special relation to</u> 20 <u>the work or to the conditions under which the act was being</u> 21 <u>performed and though it occurs in the course of the employment, does</u> 22 <u>not arise out of the employment;</u> 23 24. "Impaired self-insurer" means a private self-insurer or

24 group self-insurance association that fails to pay its workers'

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1 compensation obligations, or is financially unable to do so and is the subject of any proceeding under the Federal Bankruptcy Reform 2 Act of 1978, and any subsequent amendments or is the subject of any 3 proceeding in which a receiver, custodian, liquidator, 4 5 rehabilitator, trustee or similar officer has been appointed by a court of competent jurisdiction to act in lieu of or on behalf of 6 7 the self-insurer; 24. 25. "Incapacity" means inadequate strength or ability to 8 9 perform a work-related task; 25. 26. "Insurance Commissioner" means the Insurance 10 Commissioner of the State of Oklahoma; 11 12 26. 27. "Insurance Department" means the Insurance Department 13 of the State of Oklahoma; 14 27. 28. "Intentional act" means an injury occurring only when 15 the employee is injured as a result of a willful, deliberate, and 16 specific intent to cause such injury and only when the act that was 17 the proximate cause of the injury was not normally within the 18 employer-employee relationship and was not an employment risk 19 related to the business of the employer. Knowledge that the injury 20 was substantially certain to result from the conduct shall not 21 constitute an intentional act; 22 29. "Major cause" means more than fifty percent (50%) of the 23 resulting injury, disease or illness. A finding of major cause 24 shall be established by a preponderance of the evidence. A finding

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1 that the workplace was not a major cause of the injury, disease or 2 illness shall not adversely affect the exclusive remedy provisions 3 of this act and shall not create a separate cause of action outside 4 this act;

5 <u>28.</u> <u>30.</u> "Maximum medical improvement" means that no further 6 material improvement would reasonably be expected from medical 7 treatment or the passage of time;

8 29. 31. "Medical services" means those services specified in
9 Section 50 of this title;

- 10 30. 32. "Misconduct" shall include the following:
- 11 a. unexplained absenteeism or tardiness,
- b. willful or wanton indifference to or neglect of theduties required,
- c. willful or wanton breach of any duty required by the
 employer,
- 16 d. the mismanagement of a position of employment by
 17 action or inaction,
- e. actions or omissions that place in jeopardy the
 health, life, or property of self or others,
- 20 f. dishonesty,
- 21 g. wrongdoing,
- 22 h. violation of a law, or

i. a violation of a policy or rule adopted to ensure orderly work or the safety of self or others;

1 31. <u>33.</u> 2 (1) "Objective findings" are those findings which a. cannot come under the voluntary control of the 3 4 patient. 5 (2)(a) When determining permanent disability, a 6 physician, any other medical provider, an 7 administrative law judge, the Commission or 8 the courts shall not consider complaints of 9 pain. 10 For the purpose of making permanent (b) 11 disability ratings to the spine, physicians 12 shall use criteria established by the Sixth 13 Edition of the American Medical Association 14 "Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent 15 Impairment". 16 (3) (a) Objective evidence necessary to prove 17 permanent disability in occupational hearing 18 loss cases may be established by medically 19 recognized and accepted clinical diagnostic 20 methodologies, including, but not limited 21 to, audiological tests that measure air and 22 bone conduction thresholds and speech 23 discrimination ability. 24

1(b) Any difference in the baseline hearing2levels shall be confirmed by subsequent3testing; provided, however, such test shall4be given within four (4) weeks of the5initial baseline hearing level test but not6before five (5) days after being adjusted7for presbycusis.

b. Medical opinions addressing compensability and permanent disability shall be stated within a reasonable degree of medical certainty;

11 <u>32. 34.</u> "Official Disability Guidelines" or "ODG" means the 12 current edition of the Official Disability Guidelines and the ODG 13 Treatment in Workers' Comp as published by the Work Loss Data 14 Institute;

15 <u>33.</u> <u>35.</u> "Permanent disability" means the extent, expressed as a 16 percentage, of the loss of a portion of the total physiological 17 capabilities of the human body as established by competent medical 18 evidence and based on the Sixth Edition of the American Medical 19 Association "Guides to the Evaluation of Permanent Impairment", if 20 the impairment is contained therein;

21 <u>34.</u> <u>36.</u> "Permanent partial disability" means a permanent 22 disability or loss of use after maximum medical improvement has been 23 reached which prevents the injured employee, who has been released 24 to return to work by the treating physician, from returning to his

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1 or her pre-injury or equivalent job. All evaluations of permanent
2 partial disability must be supported by objective findings;

35. 37. "Permanent total disability" means, based on objective 3 findings, incapacity, based upon accidental injury or occupational 4 5 disease, to earn wages in any employment for which the employee may become physically suited and reasonably fitted by education, 6 7 training, experience or vocational rehabilitation provided under this act. Loss of both hands, both feet, both legs, or both eyes, 8 9 or any two thereof, shall constitute permanent total disability; 36. 38. "Preexisting condition" means any illness, injury, 10 11 disease, or other physical or mental condition, whether or not work-12 related, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was

14 37. 39. "Pre-injury or equivalent job" means the job that the 15 claimant was working for the employer at the time the injury 16 occurred or any other employment offered by the claimant's employer 17 that pays at least one hundred percent (100%) of the employee's 18 average weekly wage;

recommended or received preceding the date of injury;

19 38. <u>40.</u> "Private self-insurer" means a private employer that 20 has been authorized to self-insure its workers' compensation 21 obligations pursuant to this act, but does not include group self-22 insurance associations authorized by this act, or any public 23 employer that self-insures pursuant to this act;

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1 <u>39. 41.</u> "Prosthetic" means an artificial device used to replace
2 a part or joint of the body that is lost or injured in an accident
3 or illness covered by this act;

4 40. 42. "Scheduled member" or "member" means hands, fingers,
5 arms, legs, feet, toes, and eyes. In addition, for purposes of the
6 Multiple Injury Trust Fund only, "scheduled member" means hearing
7 impairment;

8 41. 43. "Scientifically based" involves the application of 9 rigorous, systematic, and objective procedures to obtain reliable 10 and valid knowledge relevant to medical testing, diagnoses and 11 treatment; is adequate to justify the general conclusions drawn; and 12 has been accepted by a peer-review journal or approved by a panel of 13 independent experts through a comparably rigorous, objective, and 14 scientific review;

15 <u>42. 44.</u> "State average weekly wage" means the state average 16 weekly wage determined by the Oklahoma Employment Security 17 Commission in the preceding calendar year. If such determination is 18 not available, the Commission shall determine the wage annually 19 after reasonable investigation;

20 <u>43. 45.</u> "Subcontractor" means a person, firm, corporation or 21 other legal entity hired by the general or prime contractor to 22 perform a specific task for the completion of a work-related 23 activity;

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44. <u>46.</u> "Surgery" does not include an injection, or the forcing
 of fluids beneath the skin, for treatment or diagnosis;

3 45. 47. "Surviving spouse" means the employee's spouse by 4 reason of a legal marriage recognized by the State of Oklahoma or 5 under the requirements of a common law marriage in this state, as 6 determined by the Workers' Compensation Commission;

7 <u>46. 48.</u> "Temporary partial disability" means an injured 8 employee who is temporarily unable to perform his or her job, but 9 may perform alternative work offered by the employer;

10 47. <u>49.</u> "Time of accident" or "date of accident" means the time 11 or date of the occurrence of the accidental incident from which 12 compensable injury, disability, or death results; and

13 48. <u>50.</u> "Wages" means money compensation received for
14 employment at the time of the accident, including the reasonable
15 value of board, rent, housing, lodging, or similar advantage
16 received from the employer and includes the amount of tips required
17 to be reported by the employer under Section 6053 of the Internal
18 Revenue Code and the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto or the
19 amount of actual tips reported, whichever amount is greater.

20SECTION 2.AMENDATORY85A O.S. 2021, Section 3, is21amended to read as follows:

Section 3. A. Every employer and every employee, unless otherwise specifically provided in this act, shall be subject and bound to the provisions of the Administrative Workers' Compensation

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1 Act and every employer shall pay or provide benefits according to the provisions of this act for the accidental compensable injury or 2 death of an employee arising out of and in the course of his or her 3 employment, without regard to fault for such injury, if the 4 5 employee's contract of employment was made or if the injury occurred within this state. If an employee makes a claim for an injury in 6 7 another jurisdiction, the employee is precluded from his or her right of action under the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act 8 9 unless the Workers' Compensation Commission determines that there is 10 a change in circumstances that creates a good cause to bring the 11 claim under the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act; provided, 12 however, that the employee may not receive duplicate benefits to 13 those received in the foreign jurisdiction and the employee's right 14 to bring a claim under this act shall be subject to the limitations 15 period for bringing a claim pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection A 16 of Section 69 of this title. Nothing in this act shall be construed 17 to conflict with any valid Act of Congress governing the liability 18 of employers for injuries received by their employees.

B. The State of Oklahoma accepts the provisions of the Acts of Congress designated as 40 U.S.C., Section 3172, formerly 40 U.S.C., Section 290, and hereby extends the territorial jurisdiction of the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act of this state to all lands and premises within the exterior boundaries of this state which the Government of the United States of America owns or holds by deed or

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act of cession, and to all purchases, projects, buildings, constructions, improvements and property within the exterior boundaries of this state belonging to the Government of the United States of America, in the same manner and to the same extent as if the premises were under the exclusive jurisdiction of this state, subject only to the limitations placed thereon by the Acts of Congress.

8 C. The Administrative Workers' Compensation Act shall apply 9 only to claims for injuries and death based on accidents which occur 10 on or after February 1, 2014.

D. The Workers' Compensation Code in effect before February 1, 2014, shall govern all rights in respect to claims for injuries and death based on accidents occurring before February 1, 2014.

14 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 5, is 15 amended to read as follows:

16 Section 5. A. The rights and remedies granted to an employee 17 subject to the provisions of the Administrative Workers' 18 Compensation Act shall be exclusive of all other rights and remedies 19 of the employee, his legal representative, dependents, next of kin, 20 or anyone else claiming rights to recovery on behalf of the employee 21 against the employer, or any principal, officer, director, employee, 22 stockholder, partner, or prime contractor of the employer on account 23 of injury, illness, or death. Negligent acts of a co-employee may 24 not be imputed to the employer. No role, capacity, or persona of

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any employer, principal, officer, director, employee, or stockholder other than that existing in the role of employer of the employee shall be relevant for consideration for purposes of this act, and the remedies and rights provided by this act shall be exclusive regardless of the multiple roles, capacities, or personas the employer may be deemed to have.

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B. Exclusive remedy shall not apply if:

8 1. An employer fails to secure the payment of compensation due 9 to the employee as required by this act. An injured employee, or 10 his or her legal representative in case death results from the 11 injury, may, at his or her option, elect to claim compensation under 12 this act or to maintain a legal action in court for damages on 13 account of the injury or death; or

14 2. The injury was caused by an intentional tort act committed 15 by the employer. An intentional tort shall exist only when the 16 employee is injured as a result of willful, deliberate, specific 17 intent of the employer to cause such injury. Allegations or proof 18 that the employer had knowledge that the injury was substantially 19 certain to result from the employer's conduct shall not constitute 20 an intentional tort. The employee shall plead facts that show it is 21 at least as likely as it is not that the employer acted with the 22 purpose of injuring the employee An intentional act shall exist only 23 when an employer who owns at least ten percent (10%) of the business 24 engages in or specifically directs the act that is the proximate

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1 <u>cause of the injury to the employee. An employee or owner of less</u> 2 <u>than ten percent (10%) of the business shall not be released from</u> 3 <u>liability pursuant to this section if he or she engaged in an</u> 4 <u>intentional act that was the proximate cause of the injury</u>. The 5 issue of whether an act is an intentional tort shall be a question 6 of law.

7 C. The immunity from civil liability described in subsection A 8 of this section shall apply regardless of whether the injured 9 employee is denied compensation or deemed ineligible to receive 10 compensation under this act.

D. If an employer has failed to secure the payment of compensation for his or her injured employee as provided for in this act, an injured employee, or his or her legal representative if death results from the injury, may maintain an action in the district court for damages on account of such injury.

E. The immunity created by the provisions of this section shall not extend to action against another employer, or its employees, on the same job as the injured or deceased worker where such other employer does not stand in the position of an intermediate or principal employer to the immediate employer of the injured or deceased worker.

F. The immunity created by the provisions of this section shall not extend to action against another employer, or its employees, on the same job as the injured or deceased worker even though such

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other employer may be considered as standing in the position of a special master of a loaned servant where such special master neither is the immediate employer of the injured or deceased worker nor stands in the position of an intermediate or principal employer to the immediate employer of the injured or deceased worker.

G. This section shall not be construed to abrogate the loaned
servant doctrine in any respect other than that described in
subsection F of this section. Nothing in this act shall be
construed to relieve the employer from any other penalty provided
for in this act for failure to secure the payment of compensation
under this act.

H. For the purpose of extending the immunity of this section, any architect, professional engineer, or land surveyor shall be deemed an intermediate or principal employer for services performed at or on the site of a construction project, but this immunity shall not extend to the negligent preparation of design plans and specifications.

I. If the employer has failed to secure the payment of compensation as provided in this act or in the case of an intentional tort act, the injured employee or his or her legal representative may maintain an action either before the Commission or in the district court, but not both.

23 SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 13, is 24 amended to read as follows:

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Section 13. A. 1. A mental injury or illness is not a compensable injury unless caused by a physical injury to the employee, and shall not be considered an injury arising out of and in the course and scope of employment or compensable unless demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence; provided, however, that this physical injury limitation shall not apply to any victim of a crime of violence.

8 2. No mental injury or illness under this section shall be 9 compensable unless it is also diagnosed by a licensed psychiatrist 10 or psychologist and unless the diagnosis of the condition meets the 11 criteria established in the most current issue of the Diagnostic and 12 Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, Fifth Edition (DSM-5).

13 Β. 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, where a 14 claim is for mental injury or illness, the employee shall be limited 15 to twenty-six (26) weeks of disability benefits unless it is shown 16 by clear and convincing evidence that benefits should continue for a 17 set period of time, not to exceed a total of fifty-two (52) weeks. 18 2. In cases where death results directly from the mental a. 19 injury or illness within a period of one (1) year, 20 compensation shall be paid the dependents as provided 21 in other death cases under this act.

b. Death directly or indirectly related to the mental
 injury or illness occurring one (1) year or more from

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1the incident resulting in the mental injury or illness2shall not be a compensable injury.

3 SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 35, is 4 amended to read as follows:

Section 35. A. 1. Every employer shall secure compensation as
provided under this act to its employees for compensable injuries
without regard to fault.

8 2. There shall be no liability for compensation under this act 9 where the injury or death was substantially occasioned by the 10 willful intention <u>as a result of an intentional act</u> of the injured 11 employee to bring about such compensable injury or death.

B. The primary obligation to pay compensation is on the employer, and the procurement of a policy of insurance by an employer to cover the obligation in respect to this act shall not relieve the employer of the obligation.

16 SECTION 6. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 45, is
17 amended to read as follows:

18 Section 45. A. Temporary Total Disability.

If the injured employee is temporarily unable to perform his
 or her job or any alternative work offered by the employer, he or
 she shall be entitled to receive compensation equal to seventy
 percent (70%) of the injured employee's average weekly wage, but not
 to exceed the state average weekly wage, for one hundred fifty-six
 (156) weeks. Provided, there shall be no payment for the first

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1 three (3) days of the initial period of temporary total disability. 2 If an administrative law judge finds that a consequential injury has occurred and that additional time is needed to reach maximum medical 3 4 improvement, temporary total disability may continue for a period of 5 not more than an additional fifty-two (52) weeks. Such finding shall be based upon a showing of medical necessity by clear and 6 7 convincing evidence. An employer shall have the right to recover any overpayment of temporary total disability payments from a 8 9 subsequent permanent partial disability award if the offset is 10 deemed justified by the Workers' Compensation Commission.

11 2. When the injured employee is released from active medical 12 treatment by the treating physician for all body parts found by the 13 Commission to be injured, or in the event that the employee, without 14 a valid excuse, misses three consecutive medical treatment 15 appointments, fails to comply with medical orders of the treating 16 physician, or otherwise abandons medical care, the employer shall be 17 entitled to terminate temporary total disability by notifying the 18 employee, or if represented, his or her counsel. If, however, an 19 objection to the termination is filed by the employee within ten 20 (10) days of termination, the Commission shall set the matter within 21 twenty (20) days for a determination if temporary total disability 22 compensation shall be reinstated. The temporary total disability 23 shall remain terminated until such time as the employee complies 24 with medical orders of the treating physician. Notwithstanding the

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1 provisions of this paragraph, benefits under this subsection shall 2 be permanently terminated by order of the Commission if the employee is noncompliant or abandons treatment for sixty (60) days, or if 3 benefits under this subsection have been suspended under this 4 5 paragraph at least two times. The administrative law judge may 6 appoint an independent medical examiner to determine if further 7 medical treatment is reasonable and necessary. The independent medical examiner shall not provide treatment to the injured worker, 8 9 unless agreed upon by the parties.

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B. Temporary Partial Disability.

11 If the injured employee is temporarily unable to perform his 1. 12 or her job, but may perform alternative work offered by the 13 employer, he or she shall be entitled to receive compensation equal 14 to seventy percent (70%) of the difference between the injured 15 employee's average weekly wage before the injury and his or her 16 weekly wage for performing alternative work after the injury, but 17 only if his or her weekly wage for performing the alternative work 18 is less than the temporary total disability rate. The injured 19 employee's actual earnings plus temporary partial disability 20 compensation shall not exceed the temporary total disability rate.

21 2. Compensation under this subsection may not exceed fifty-two
22 (52) weeks.

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3. If the employee refuses to perform the alternative work
 offered by the employee, he or she shall not be entitled to benefits
 under subsection A of this section or under this section.

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C. Permanent Partial Disability.

5 1. A permanent partial disability award or combination of awards granted an injured worker may not exceed a permanent partial 6 7 disability rating of one hundred percent (100%) to any body part or to the body as a whole. The determination of permanent partial 8 9 disability shall be the responsibility of the Commission through its 10 administrative law judges. Any claim by an employee for 11 compensation for permanent partial disability must be supported by 12 competent medical testimony of a medical doctor, osteopathic 13 physician, or chiropractor, and shall be supported by objective 14 medical findings, as defined in this act. The opinion of the 15 physician shall include employee's percentage of permanent partial 16 disability and whether or not the disability is job-related and 17 caused by the accidental injury or occupational disease. A 18 physician's opinion of the nature and extent of permanent partial 19 disability to parts of the body other than scheduled members must be 20 based solely on criteria established by the Sixth Edition of the 21 American Medical Association's "Guides to the Evaluation of 22 Permanent Impairment". A copy of any written evaluation shall be 23 sent to both parties within seven (7) days of issuance. Medical 24 opinions addressing compensability and permanent disability must be

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stated within a reasonable degree of medical certainty. Any party
 may submit the report of an evaluating physician.

Permanent partial disability shall not be allowed to a part 3 2. 4 of the body for which no medical treatment has been received. A 5 determination of permanent partial disability made by the Commission or administrative law judge which is not supported by objective 6 7 medical findings provided by a treating physician who is a medical doctor, doctor of osteopathy, chiropractor or a qualified 8 9 independent medical examiner shall be considered an abuse of 10 discretion.

The examining physician shall not deviate from the Guides
 except as may be specifically provided for in the Guides.

In cases of permanent partial disability, the compensation 13 4. 14 shall be seventy percent (70%) of the employee's average weekly 15 wage, not to exceed Three Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$350.00) per week 16 which shall increase to Three Hundred Sixty Dollars (\$360.00) per 17 week on July 1, 2021, for a term not to exceed a total of three 18 hundred sixty (360) weeks for the body as a whole. Beginning 19 January 1, 2023, compensation for permanent partial disability shall 20 be seventy percent (70%) of the employee's average weekly wage, not 21 to exceed an amount equal to forty percent (40%) of the state's 22 average weekly wage, rounded to the nearest dollar, to be adjusted 23 annually for a term not to exceed a total of three hundred sixty 24 (360) weeks for the body as a whole.

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5. Assessments pursuant to Sections 31, 98 and 122 of this
 title shall be calculated based upon the amount of the permanent
 partial disability award.

4 6. Previous Disability: The fact that an employee has suffered 5 previous disability or received compensation therefor shall not preclude the employee from compensation for a later accidental 6 7 personal injury or occupational disease. In the event there exists a previous permanent partial disability, including a previous non-8 9 work-related injury or condition which produced permanent partial 10 disability and the same is aggravated or accelerated by an 11 accidental personal injury or occupational disease, compensation for permanent partial disability shall be only for such amount as was 12 13 caused by such accidental personal injury or occupational disease 14 and no additional compensation shall be allowed for the preexisting 15 disability or impairment. Any such reduction shall not apply to 16 temporary total disability, nor shall it apply to compensation for 17 medical treatment. If workers' compensation benefits have 18 previously been awarded through settlement or judicial or 19 administrative determination in Oklahoma, the percentage basis of 20 the prior settlement or award shall conclusively establish the 21 amount of permanent partial disability determined to be preexisting. 22 If workers' compensation benefits have not previously been awarded 23 through settlement or judicial or administrative determination in 24 Oklahoma, the amount of preexisting permanent partial disability

shall be established by competent evidence and determined by the
 Commission.

7. No payments on any permanent partial disability order shall
begin until payments on any preexisting permanent partial disability
orders have been completed.

6 8. The whole body shall represent a maximum of three hundred7 sixty (360) weeks.

The permanent partial disability rate of compensation for 8 9. 9 amputation or permanent total loss of use of a scheduled member 10 specified in Section 46 of this title shall be seventy percent (70%) 11 of the employee's average weekly wage, not to exceed Three Hundred 12 Fifty Dollars (\$350.00), with an increase to Three Hundred Sixty 13 Dollars (\$360.00) on July 1, 2021, and beginning January 1, 2023, an 14 amount equal to forty percent (40%) of the state's average weekly 15 wage, rounded to the nearest dollar, to be adjusted annually, 16 multiplied by the number of weeks set forth for the member in 17 Section 46 of this title, regardless of whether the injured employee 18 is able to return to his or her pre-injury or equivalent job.

19 10. An injured employee who is eligible for permanent partial 20 disability under this subsection shall be entitled to receive 21 vocational rehabilitation services provided by a technology center 22 or public secondary school offering vocational-technical education 23 courses, or a member institution of The Oklahoma State System of 24 Higher Education, which shall include retraining and job placement

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1 to restore the employee to gainful employment. Vocational 2 rehabilitation services or training shall not extend for a period of 3 more than fifty-two (52) weeks.

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D. Permanent Total Disability.

5 1. In case of total disability adjudged to be permanent, seventy percent (70%) of the employee's average weekly wages, but 6 7 not in excess of the state's average weekly wage, shall be paid to the employee during the continuance of the disability until such 8 9 time as the employee reaches the age of maximum Social Security 10 retirement benefits or for a period of fifteen (15) years, whichever 11 In the event the claimant dies of causes unrelated to is longer. 12 the injury or illness, benefits shall cease on the date of death. 13 Provided, however, any person entitled to revive the action shall 14 receive a one-time lump-sum payment equal to twenty-six (26) weeks 15 of weekly benefits for permanent total disability awarded the 16 claimant. If more than one person is entitled to revive the claim, 17 the lump-sum payment shall be evenly divided between or among such 18 In the event the Commission awards both permanent partial persons. 19 disability and permanent total disability benefits, the permanent 20 total disability award shall not be due until the permanent partial 21 disability award is paid in full. If otherwise qualified according 22 to the provisions of this act, permanent total disability benefits 23 may be awarded to an employee who has exhausted the maximum period

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of temporary total disability even though the employee has not
 reached maximum medical improvement.

2. The Workers' Compensation Commission shall annually review 3 4 the status of any employee receiving benefits for permanent total 5 disability against the last employer. The Commission shall require the employee to annually file an affidavit under penalty of perjury 6 7 stating that he or she is not and has not been gainfully employed and is not capable of gainful employment. Failure to file such 8 9 affidavit shall result in suspension of benefits; provided, however, 10 reinstatement of benefits may occur after proper hearing before the Commission. 11

E. 1. The Workers' Compensation Commission may hire or contract for a Vocational Rehabilitation Director to oversee the vocational rehabilitation program of the Commission.

15 2. Upon the request of either party, an administrative law 16 judge shall determine if it is appropriate for a claimant to receive 17 vocational rehabilitation training or services. If appropriate, the 18 administrative law judge shall refer the employee to a qualified 19 expert for evaluation of the practicability of, need for and kind of 20 rehabilitation services or training necessary and appropriate in 21 order to restore the employee to gainful employment. The cost of 22 the evaluation shall be paid by the employer.

3. Upon receipt of such report, and after affording all parties
an opportunity to be heard, the administrative law judge shall order

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that any rehabilitation services or training, recommended in the report, or such other rehabilitation services or training as the administrative law judge may deem necessary, provided the employee elects to receive such services, shall be provided at the expense of the employer. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, refusal to accept rehabilitation services by the employee shall in no way diminish any benefits allowable to an employee.

4. The administrative law judge may order vocational 8 9 rehabilitation before the injured employee reaches maximum medical 10 improvement, if the treating physician believes that it is likely 11 that the employee's injury will prevent the employee from returning 12 to his or her former employment. In granting early benefits for 13 vocational rehabilitation, the Commission shall consider temporary 14 restrictions and the likelihood that such rehabilitation will return 15 the employee to gainful employment earlier than if such benefits are 16 granted after the permanent partial disability hearing in the claim.

5. Vocational rehabilitation services or training shall not extend for a period of more than fifty-two (52) weeks. A request for vocational rehabilitation services or training shall be filed with the Commission by an interested party not later than sixty (60) days from the date of receiving permanent disability that prevents the injured employee from returning to his or her pre-injury or equivalent position.

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If rehabilitation requires residence at or near the facility
 or institution which is away from the employee's customary
 residence, reasonable cost of the employee's board, lodging, travel,
 tuition, books and necessary equipment in training shall be paid for
 by the insurer in addition to weekly compensation benefits to which
 the employee is otherwise entitled under the Administrative Workers'
 Compensation Act.

7. During the period when an employee is actively and in good 8 9 faith being evaluated or participating in a retraining or job 10 placement program for purposes of evaluating permanent total 11 disability status, the employee shall be entitled to receive 12 benefits at the same rate as the employee's temporary total 13 disability benefits for an additional fifty-two (52) weeks. All 14 tuition related to vocational rehabilitation services shall be paid 15 by the employer or the employer's insurer on a periodic basis 16 directly to the facility providing the vocational rehabilitation 17 services or training to the employee.

18 F. Disfigurement.

If an injured employee incurs serious and permanent
 disfigurement to any part of the body, the Commission may award
 compensation to the injured employee in an amount not to exceed
 Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00).

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2. No award for disfigurement shall be entered until twelve
 (12) months after the injury unless the treating physician deems the
 wound or incision to be fully healed.

An injured employee shall not be entitled to compensation
under this subsection if he or she receives an award for permanent
partial disability to the same part of the body.

G. Benefits for a single-event injury shall be determined by the law in effect at the time of injury. Benefits for a cumulative trauma injury or occupational disease or illness shall be determined by the law in effect at the time the employee knew or reasonably should have known that the injury, occupational disease or illness was related to work activity. Benefits for death shall be determined by the law in effect at the time of death.

14SECTION 7.AMENDATORY85A O.S. 2021, Section 46, is15amended to read as follows:

16 Section 46. A. An injured employee who is entitled to receive 17 permanent partial disability compensation under Section 45 of this 18 title shall receive compensation for each part of the body in 19 accordance with the number of weeks for the scheduled loss set forth 20 below.

Arm amputated at the elbow, or between the elbow and
 shoulder, two hundred seventy-five (275) weeks;

23 2. Arm amputated between the elbow and wrist, two hundred
24 twenty (220) weeks;

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3. Leg amputated at the knee, or between the knee and the hip, 1 2 two hundred seventy-five (275) weeks; Leg amputated between the knee and the ankle, two hundred 3 4. twenty (220) weeks; 4 5 5. Hand amputated, two hundred twenty (220) weeks; 6. Thumb amputated, sixty-six (66) weeks; 6 7 7. First finger amputated, thirty-nine (39) weeks; 8. Second finger amputated, thirty-three (33) weeks; 8 9 9. Third finger amputated, twenty-two (22) weeks; Fourth finger amputated, seventeen (17) weeks; 10 10. 11 11. Foot amputated, two hundred twenty (220) weeks; 12 Great toe amputated, thirty-three (33) weeks; 12. 13 13. Toe other than great toe amputated, eleven (11) weeks; 14 Eye enucleated, in which there was useful vision, two 14. 15 hundred seventy-five (275) weeks; 16 Loss of hearing of one ear, one hundred ten (110) weeks; 15. 17 16. Loss of hearing of both ears, three hundred thirty (330) 18 weeks; and 19 17. Loss of one testicle, fifty-three (53) weeks; loss of both 20 testicles, one hundred fifty-eight (158) weeks. 21 Β. The permanent partial disability rate of compensation for 22 amputation or permanent total loss of use of a scheduled member 23 specified in this section shall be seventy percent (70%) of the 24 employee's average weekly wage, not to exceed Three Hundred Fifty

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Dollars (\$350.00) with an increase to Three Hundred Sixty Dollars (\$360.00) on July 1, 2021, and beginning January 1, 2023, an amount equal to forty percent (40%) of the state's average weekly wage, rounded to the nearest dollar, to be adjusted annually, multiplied by the number of weeks as set forth in this section, regardless of whether or not the injured employee is able to return to his or her pre-injury job.

C. Other cases: In cases in which the Workers' Compensation 8 9 Commission finds an injury to a part of the body not specifically 10 covered by the foregoing provisions of this section, the employee 11 may be entitled to compensation for permanent partial disability. 12 The compensation ordered paid shall be seventy percent (70%) of the 13 employee's average weekly wage, not to exceed Three Hundred Fifty 14 Dollars (\$350.00) with an increase to Three Hundred Sixty Dollars 15 (\$360.00) on July 1, 2021, and beginning January 1, 2023, an amount 16 equal to forty percent (40%) of the state's average weekly wage, 17 rounded to the nearest dollar, to be adjusted annually, for the 18 number of weeks which the partial disability of the employee bears 19 to three hundred fifty (350) three hundred sixty (360) weeks.

D. 1. Compensation for amputation of the first phalange of a digit shall be one-half (1/2) of the compensation for the amputation of the entire digit.

23 2. Compensation for amputation of more than one phalange of a24 digit shall be the same as for amputation of the entire digit.

E. 1. Compensation for the permanent loss of eighty percent (80%) or more of the vision of an eye shall be the same as for the loss of an eye.

4 2. In all cases of permanent loss of vision, the use of
5 corrective lenses may be taken into consideration in evaluating the
6 extent of loss of vision.

F. Compensation for amputation or loss of use of two or more digits or one or more phalanges of two or more digits of a hand or a foot may be proportioned to the total loss of use of the hand or the foot occasioned thereby but shall not exceed the compensation for total loss of a hand or a foot.

12 G. Compensation for permanent total loss of use of a member13 shall be the same as for amputation of the member.

H. The sum of all permanent partial disability awards,
excluding awards against the Multiple Injury Trust Fund, shall not
exceed three hundred fifty (350) three hundred sixty (360) weeks.
SECTION 8. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 47, is
amended to read as follows:

Section 47. A. Time of death. If death does not result within one (1) year from the date of the accident or within the first three (3) years of the period for compensation payments fixed by the compensation judgment, a rebuttable presumption shall arise that the death did not result from the injury.

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B. Common law spouse. A common law spouse shall not be
entitled to benefits under this section unless he or she obtains an
order from the Workers' Compensation Commission ruling that a common
law marriage existed between the decedent and the surviving spouse.
The ruling by the Commission shall be exclusive in regard to
benefits under this section regardless of any district court
decision regarding the probate of the decedent's estate.

8 C. Beneficiaries - Amounts. If an injury or occupational
9 illness causes death, weekly income benefits shall be payable as
10 follows:

11 1. If there is a surviving spouse, a lump-sum payment of One 12 Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) and seventy percent (70%) of 13 the lesser of the deceased employee's average weekly wage and the 14 state average weekly wage. In addition to the benefits theretofore 15 paid or due, two (2) years' indemnity benefit in one lump sum shall 16 be payable to a surviving spouse upon remarriage;

17 2. If there is a surviving spouse and a child or children, a 18 lump-sum payment of Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) and 19 fifteen percent (15%) of the lesser of the deceased employee's 20 average weekly wage and the state average weekly wage to each child. 21 If there are more than two children, each child shall receive a pro 22 rata share of Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) and thirty percent 23 (30%) of the deceased employee's average weekly wage;

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1 3. If there is a child or children and no surviving spouse, a 2 lump-sum payment of Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) and fifty percent (50%) of the lesser of the deceased employee's average 3 4 weekly wage and the state average weekly wage to each child. Ιf there are more than two children, each child shall receive a pro 5 6 rata share of one hundred percent (100%) of the lesser of the 7 deceased employee's average weekly wage and the state average weekly wage. With respect to the lump-sum payment, if there are more than 8 9 six children, each child shall receive a pro rata share of One 10 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$150,000.00);

11 4. If there is no surviving spouse or children, each legal 12 guardian, if financially dependent on the employee at the time of 13 death, shall receive twenty-five percent (25%) of the lesser of the 14 deceased employee's average weekly wage and the state average weekly 15 wage until the earlier of death, becoming eligible for Social 16 Security, obtaining full-time employment, or five (5) years from the 17 date benefits under this section begin If there is no surviving 18 spouse or children, Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) shall be paid 19 to the parents and shall be divided to share and share alike; and 20 If there is no surviving spouse, children, or parents, to 5. 21 the brothers, sisters, grandparents, and grandchildren shall be paid 22 Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00). If there should be more than one 23 of such dependents, the total benefits payable for the benefit of 24 such dependents shall be divided to share and share alike; and

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<u>6.</u> The employer shall pay the actual funeral expenses, not
 exceeding the sum of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00).

The weekly income benefits payable to the surviving spouse 3 D. 4 under this section shall continue while the surviving spouse remains 5 unmarried. In no event shall this spousal weekly income benefit be diminished by the award to other beneficiaries. The weekly income 6 7 benefits payable to any child under this section shall terminate on the earlier of death, marriage, or reaching the age of eighteen 8 9 (18). However, if the child turns eighteen (18) and is:

Enrolled as a full-time student in high school or is being
 schooled by other means pursuant to the Oklahoma Constitution;

12 2. Enrolled as a full-time student in any accredited 13 institution of higher education or vocational or technology 14 education; or

3. Physically or mentally incapable of self-support, then he or she may continue to receive weekly income benefits under this section until the earlier of reaching the age of twenty-three (23) or, with respect to paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection, no longer being enrolled as a student, and with respect to paragraph 3 of this subsection, becoming capable of self-support.

E. If any member of the class of beneficiaries who receive a pro rata share of weekly income benefits becomes ineligible to continue to receive benefits, the remaining members of the class

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shall receive adjusted weekly income benefits equal to the new class
 size.

To receive benefits under this section, a beneficiary or his 3 F. 4 or her quardian, if applicable, shall file a proof of loss form with 5 the Commission. All questions of dependency shall be determined as of the time of the injury. The employer shall initiate payment of 6 7 benefits within fifteen (15) days of the Commission's determination of the proper beneficiaries. The Commission shall appoint a 8 9 guardian ad litem to represent known and unknown minor children and 10 the guardian ad litem shall be paid a reasonable fee for his or her services. 11

12 SECTION 9. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 50, is 13 amended to read as follows:

14 Section 50. A. The employer shall promptly provide an injured 15 employee with medical, surgical, hospital, optometric, podiatric, 16 chiropractic and nursing services, along with any medicine, 17 crutches, ambulatory devices, artificial limbs, eyeqlasses, contact 18 lenses, hearing aids, and other apparatus as may be reasonably 19 necessary in connection with the injury received by the employee. 20 The employer shall have the right to choose the treating physician 21 or chiropractor.

B. If the employer fails or neglects to provide medical treatment within five (5) days after actual knowledge is received of an injury, the injured employee may select a physician or

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1 chiropractor to provide medical treatment at the expense of the 2 employer; provided, however, that the injured employee, or another 3 in the employee's behalf, may obtain emergency treatment at the 4 expense of the employer where such emergency treatment is not 5 provided by the employer.

C. Diagnostic tests shall not be repeated sooner than six (6)
months from the date of the test unless agreed to by the parties or
ordered by the Commission for good cause shown.

9 D. Unless recommended by the treating doctor or chiropractor at the time claimant reaches maximum medical improvement or by an 10 independent medical examiner, continuing medical maintenance shall 11 12 not be awarded by the Commission. The employer or insurance carrier 13 shall not be responsible for continuing medical maintenance or pain 14 management treatment that is outside the parameters established by 15 the Physician Advisory Committee or ODG. The employer or insurance 16 carrier shall not be responsible for continuing medical maintenance 17 or pain management treatment not previously ordered by the 18 Commission or approved in advance by the employer or insurance 19 carrier.

E. An employee claiming or entitled to benefits under the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act, shall, if ordered by the Commission or requested by the employer or insurance carrier, submit himself or herself for medical examination. If an employee refuses to submit himself or herself to examination, his or her right to

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prosecute any proceeding under the Administrative Workers'
 Compensation Act shall be suspended, and no compensation shall be
 payable for the period of such refusal.

F. For compensable injuries resulting in the use of a medical
device, ongoing service for the medical device shall be provided in
situations including, but not limited to, medical device battery
replacement, ongoing medication refills related to the medical
device, medical device repair, or medical device replacement.

9

G. Travel Reimbursement.

10 The employer shall reimburse the employee for the actual 1. 11 mileage in excess of twenty (20) miles round trip to and from the 12 employee's home to the location of a medical service provider for 13 all reasonable and necessary treatment, for an evaluation of an 14 independent medical examiner and for any evaluation made at the 15 request of the employer or insurance carrier. The rate of 16 reimbursement for such travel expense shall be the official 17 reimbursement rate as established by the State Travel Reimbursement 18 In no event shall the reimbursement of travel for medical Act. 19 treatment or evaluation exceed six hundred (600) miles round trip. 20 2. A claim for travel reimbursement under this act shall be 21 barred unless the request for reimbursement of travel is made within 22 one (1) year of the date of travel for which reimbursement is being 23 sought following a finding of compensable injury by the Commission 24 or admission of injury to the Commission by the employer.

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1 3. Reimbursement of travel shall be issued to the employee 2 within sixty (60) days of receipt by employer of the request for reimbursement from employee following a finding of compensable 3 4 injury by the Commission or admission of compensable injury to the 5 Commission by the employer, and subject to paragraph 2 of this 6 subsection. If payment for reimbursement is not issued as required, 7 employer shall pay to the employee an additional amount equal to 8 fifty percent (50%) of the request for reimbursement remaining to be 9 paid provided the Commission orders the payment of mileage equal to 10 the request for reimbursement by the employee and the amount for 11 which the hearing was sought.

12 H. Fee Schedule.

13 1. The Commission shall conduct a review and update of the 14 Current Procedural Terminology (CPT) in the Fee Schedule every two 15 (2) years pursuant to the provisions of paragraph 14 of this subsection. The Fee Schedule shall establish the maximum rates that 16 17 medical providers shall be reimbursed for medical care provided to 18 injured employees including, but not limited to, charges by 19 physicians, chiropractors, dentists, counselors, hospitals, 20 ambulatory and outpatient facilities, clinical laboratory services, 21 diagnostic testing services, and ambulance services, and charges for 22 durable medical equipment, prosthetics, orthotics, and supplies. 23 The most current Fee Schedule established by the Administrator of 24 the Workers' Compensation Court prior to February 1, 2014, shall

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remain in effect, unless or until the Legislature approves the
 Commission's proposed Fee Schedule.

2. Reimbursement for medical care shall be prescribed and 3 4 limited by the Fee Schedule. The director of the Employees Group 5 Insurance Division of the Office of Management and Enterprise Services shall provide the Commission such information as may be 6 7 relevant for the development of the Fee Schedule. The Commission shall develop the Fee Schedule in a manner in which quality of 8 9 medical care is assured and maintained for injured employees. The 10 Commission shall give due consideration to additional requirements 11 for physicians treating an injured worker under the Administrative 12 Workers' Compensation Act, including, but not limited to, 13 communication with claims representatives, case managers, attorneys, 14 and representatives of employers, and the additional time required 15 to complete forms for the Commission, insurance carriers, and 16 employers.

17 3. In making adjustments to the Fee Schedule, the Commission 18 shall use, as a benchmark, the reimbursement rate for each Current 19 Procedural Terminology (CPT) code provided for in the fee schedule 20 published by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services of the 21 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for use in Oklahoma 22 (Medicare Fee Schedule) on the effective date of this section, 23 workers' compensation fee schedules employed by neighboring states, 24 the latest edition of "Relative Values for Physicians" (RVP), usual,

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1 customary and reasonable medical payments to workers' compensation health care providers in the same trade area for comparable 2 treatment of a person with similar injuries, and all other data the 3 4 Commission deems relevant. For services not valued by CMS, the 5 Commission shall establish values based on the usual, customary and 6 reasonable medical payments to health care providers in the same 7 trade area for comparable treatment of a person with similar injuries. 8

9 a. No reimbursement shall be allowed for any magnetic 10 resonance imaging (MRI) unless the MRI is provided by 11 an entity that meets Medicare requirements for the 12 payment of MRI services or is accredited by the 13 American College of Radiology, the Intersocietal 14 Accreditation Commission or the Joint Commission on 15 Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations. For all 16 other radiology procedures, the reimbursement rate 17 shall be the lesser of the reimbursement rate allowed 18 by the 2010 Oklahoma Fee Schedule and two hundred 19 seven percent (207%) of the Medicare Fee Schedule. 20 For reimbursement of medical services for Evaluation b. 21 and Management of injured employees as defined in the 22 Fee Schedule adopted by the Commission, the 23 reimbursement rate shall not be less than one hundred 24 fifty percent (150%) of the Medicare Fee Schedule.

1 Any entity providing durable medical equipment, с. 2 prosthetics, orthotics or supplies shall be accredited by a CMS-approved accreditation organization. 3 If a 4 physician provides durable medical equipment, 5 prosthetics, orthotics, prescription drugs, or supplies to a patient ancillary to the patient's 6 7 visit, reimbursement shall be no more than ten percent (10%) above cost. 8

9 d. The Commission shall develop a reasonable stop-loss provision of the Fee Schedule to provide for adequate 10 11 reimbursement for treatment for major burns, severe head and neurological injuries, multiple system 12 13 injuries, and other catastrophic injuries requiring 14 extended periods of intensive care. An employer or 15 insurance carrier shall have the right to audit the 16 charges and question the reasonableness and necessity 17 of medical treatment contained in a bill for treatment 18 covered by the stop-loss provision.

19 4. The right to recover charges for every type of medical care 20 for injuries arising out of and in the course of covered employment 21 as defined in the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act shall lie 22 solely with the Commission. When a medical care provider has 23 brought a claim to the Commission to obtain payment for services, a 24

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1 party who prevails in full on the claim shall be entitled to 2 reasonable attorney fees.

5. Nothing in this section shall prevent an employer, insurance carrier, group self-insurance association, or certified workplace medical plan from contracting with a provider of medical care for a reimbursement rate that is greater than or less than limits established by the Fee Schedule.

6. A treating physician may not charge more than Four Hundred
9 Dollars (\$400.00) per hour for preparation for or testimony at a
10 deposition or appearance before the Commission in connection with a
11 claim covered by the Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.

12 7. The Commission's review of medical and treatment charges 13 pursuant to this section shall be conducted pursuant to the Fee 14 Schedule in existence at the time the medical care or treatment was 15 provided. The judgment approving the medical and treatment charges 16 pursuant to this section shall be enforceable by the Commission in 17 the same manner as provided in the Administrative Workers' 18 Compensation Act for the enforcement of other compensation payments.

19 8. Charges for prescription drugs dispensed by a pharmacy shall 20 be limited to ninety percent (90%) of the average wholesale price of 21 the prescription, plus a dispensing fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00) per 22 prescription. "Average wholesale price" means the amount determined 23 from the latest publication designated by the Commission.

24 Physicians shall prescribe and pharmacies shall dispense generic

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1 equivalent drugs when available. If the National Drug Code, or "NDC", for the drug product dispensed is for a repackaged drug, then 2 the maximum reimbursement shall be the lesser of the original 3 4 labeler's NDC and the lowest-cost therapeutic equivalent drug 5 product. Compounded medications shall be billed by the compounding pharmacy at the ingredient level, with each ingredient identified 6 7 using the applicable NDC of the drug product, and the corresponding quantity. Ingredients with no NDC area are not separately 8 9 reimbursable. Payment shall be based on a sum of the allowable fee 10 for each ingredient plus a dispensing fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00) 11 per prescription.

12 9. When medical care includes prescription drugs dispensed by a 13 physician or other medical care provider and the NDC for the drug 14 product dispensed is for a repackaged drug, then the maximum 15 reimbursement shall be the lesser of the original labeler's NDC and 16 the lowest-cost therapeutic equivalent drug product. Payment shall 17 be based upon a sum of the allowable fee for each ingredient plus a 18 dispensing fee of Five Dollars (\$5.00) per prescription. Compounded 19 medications shall be billed by the compounding pharmacy.

20 10. Implantables are paid in addition to procedural 21 reimbursement paid for medical or surgical services. A 22 manufacturer's invoice for the actual cost to a physician, hospital 23 or other entity of an implantable device shall be adjusted by the 24 physician, hospital or other entity to reflect, at the time

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1 implanted, all applicable discounts, rebates, considerations and 2 product replacement programs and shall be provided to the payer by the physician or hospital as a condition of payment for the 3 implantable device. If the physician, or an entity in which the 4 5 physician has a financial interest other than an ownership interest of less than five percent (5%) in a publically traded company, 6 7 provides implantable devices, this relationship shall be disclosed to patient, employer, insurance company, third-party commission, 8 9 certified workplace medical plan, case managers, and attorneys representing claimant and defendant. If the physician, or an entity 10 11 in which the physician has a financial interest other than an 12 ownership interest of less than five percent (5%) in a publicly 13 traded company, buys and resells implantable devices to a hospital 14 or another physician, the markup shall be limited to ten percent 15 (10%) above cost.

16 11. Payment for medical care as required by the Administrative 17 Workers' Compensation Act shall be due within forty-five (45) days 18 of the receipt by the employer or insurance carrier of a complete 19 and accurate invoice, unless the employer or insurance carrier has a 20 good-faith reason to request additional information about such 21 invoice. Thereafter, the Commission may assess a penalty up to 22 twenty-five percent (25%) for any amount due under the Fee Schedule 23 that remains unpaid on the finding by the Commission that no good-24 faith reason existed for the delay in payment. If the Commission

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1 finds a pattern of an employer or insurance carrier willfully and 2 knowingly delaying payments for medical care, the Commission may 3 assess a civil penalty of not more than Five Thousand Dollars 4 (\$5,000.00) per occurrence.

5 12. If an employee fails to appear for a scheduled appointment 6 with a physician or chiropractor, the employer or insurance company 7 shall pay to the physician or chiropractor a reasonable charge, to 8 be determined by the Commission, for the missed appointment. In the 9 absence of a good-faith reason for missing the appointment, the 10 Commission shall order the employee to reimburse the employer or 11 insurance company for the charge.

12 Physicians or chiropractors providing treatment under the 13. 13 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act shall disclose under 14 penalty of perjury to the Commission, on a form prescribed by the 15 Commission, any ownership or interest in any health care facility, 16 business, or diagnostic center that is not the physician's or 17 chiropractor's primary place of business. The disclosure shall 18 include any employee leasing arrangement between the physician or 19 chiropractor and any health care facility that is not the 20 physician's or chiropractor's primary place of business. A 21 physician's or chiropractor's failure to disclose as required by 22 this section shall be grounds for the Commission to disqualify the 23 physician or chiropractor from providing treatment under the 24 Administrative Workers' Compensation Act.

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- 114. a.Beginning on May 28, 2019, the Commission shall2conduct an evaluation of the Fee Schedule, which shall3include an update of the list of Current Procedural4Terminology (CPT) codes, a line item adjustment or5renewal of all rates, and amendment as needed to the6rules applicable to the Fee Schedule.
- 7 b. The Commission shall contract with an external consultant with knowledge of workers' compensation fee 8 9 schedules to review regional and nationwide 10 comparisons of Oklahoma's Fee Schedule rates and date and market for medical services. The consultant shall 11 12 receive written and oral comment from employers, 13 workers' compensation medical service and insurance 14 providers, self-insureds, group self-insurance 15 associations of this state and the public. The 16 consultant shall submit a report of its findings and a 17 proposed amended Fee Schedule to the Commission. 18 The Commission shall adopt the proposed amended Fee с. 19 Schedule in whole or in part and make any additional 20 updates or adjustments. The Commission shall submit a 21 proposed updated and adjusted Fee Schedule to the 22 President Pro Tempore of the Senate, the Speaker of 23 the House of Representatives and the Governor. The 24 proposed Fee Schedule shall become effective on July 1

1 following the legislative session, if approved by 2 Joint Resolution of the Legislature during the session in which a proposed Fee Schedule is submitted. 3 Beginning on May 28, 2019, an external evaluation 4 d. 5 shall be conducted and a proposed amended Fee Schedule shall be submitted to the Legislature for approval 6 7 during the 2020 legislative session. Thereafter, an external evaluation shall be conducted and a proposed 8 9 amended Fee Schedule shall be submitted to the Legislature for approval every two (2) years. 10

11 Formulary. The Commission by rule shall adopt a closed I. 12 formulary. Rules adopted by the Commission shall allow an appeals 13 process for claims in which a treating doctor determines and 14 documents that a drug not included in the formulary is necessary to 15 treat an injured employee's compensable injury. The Commission by 16 rule shall require the use of generic pharmaceutical medications and 17 clinically appropriate over-the-counter alternatives to prescription 18 medications unless otherwise specified by the prescribing doctor, in 19 accordance with applicable state law.

20 SECTION 10. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 69, is 21 amended to read as follows:

22 Section 69. A. Time for Filing.

A claim for benefits under this act, other than an
 occupational disease, shall be barred unless it is filed with the

1 Workers' Compensation Commission within one (1) year from the date of the injury or, if the employee has received benefits under this 2 title for the injury, six (6) months from the date of the last 3 4 issuance of such benefits payment of indemnity benefits or date of 5 service for medical treatment, whichever is later. For purposes of 6 this section, the date of the injury shall be defined as the date an 7 injury is caused by an accident as set forth in paragraph 9 of 8 Section 2 of this title. 9 2. a. A claim for compensation for disability on account of 10 injury which is either an occupational disease or 11 occupational infection shall be barred unless filed 12 with the Commission within two (2) years from the date 13 of the last injurious exposure to the hazards of the 14 disease or infection. 15 b. A claim for compensation for disability on account of 16 silicosis or asbestosis shall be filed with the 17 Commission within one (1) year after the time of 18 disablement, and the disablement shall occur within 19 three (3) years from the date of the last injurious 20 exposure to the hazard of silicosis or asbestosis. 21 с. A claim for compensation for disability on account of 22 a disease condition caused by exposure to X-rays, 23 radioactive substances, or ionizing radiation only 24 shall be filed with the Commission within two (2)

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years from the date the condition is made known to an employee following examination and diagnosis by a medical doctor.

3. A claim for compensation on account of death shall be barred
unless filed with the Commission within two (2) years of the date of
such a death.

7 If a claim for benefits has been timely filed under 4. paragraph 1 of this subsection and the employee claimant does not: 8 9 a. make a good-faith request for a hearing to resolve a 10 dispute regarding the right to receive benefits, 11 including medical treatment, under this title within 12 six (6) months of the date the claim is filed, or 13 b. receive or seek benefits, including medical treatment, 14 under this title for a period of six (6) months,

15 then on motion by the employer, the claim shall be dismissed with 16 prejudice.

B. Failure to File. Failure to file a claim within the period prescribed in subsection A of this section shall not be a bar to the right to benefits hereunder unless objection to the failure is made at the first hearing on the claim in which all parties in interest have been given a reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard by the Commission.

23 C. Persons under Disability.

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1 1. Notwithstanding any statute of limitation provided for in 2 this act, when it is established that failure to file a claim by an 3 injured employee or his or her dependents was induced by fraud, the 4 claim may be filed within one (1) year from the time of the 5 discovery of the fraud.

6 2. Subsection A of this section shall not apply to a mental 7 incompetent or minor so long as the person has no guardian or similar legal representative. The limitations prescribed in 8 9 subsection A of this section shall apply to the mental incompetent 10 or minor from the date of the appointment of a guardian or similar legal representative for that person, and when no guardian or 11 12 similar representative has been appointed, to a minor on reaching 13 the age of majority.

D. A latent injury or condition shall not delay or toll the
limitation periods specified in this section. This subsection shall
not apply to the limitation period for occupational diseases
specified in paragraph 2 of subsection A of this section.

18 SECTION 11. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 80, is 19 amended to read as follows:

20 Section 80. A. A final order for permanent disability is a 21 final adjudication of all issues pending in the claim unless 22 reserved in the order or by operation of law. Except where a joint 23 petition settlement has been approved, the Workers' Compensation 24 Commission may review any compensation judgment, award, or decision.

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1 1. Such review may be done upon application for a change of 2 condition for the worse at any time within six (6) months from the date of the last order in which monetary benefits were awarded or 3 active medical treatment was provided, on the Commission's own 4 5 motion or on the application of any party in interest, and unless filed within such period of time shall be forever barred. 6 On 7 review, the Commission may make a judgment or award terminating, continuing, decreasing, or increasing for the future the 8 9 compensation previously awarded, subject to the maximum limits provided for in this title. An order denying an application to 10 11 reopen a claim shall not extend the period of time set out in this 12 title for reopening the claim. A failure to comply with a medical 13 treatment plan ordered by the Commission shall bar the reopening of 14 a claim.

15 2. The Workers' Compensation Commission may review any 16 compensation judgment, award, or decision at any time, and without 17 limitation upon a filing of an application for a finding of a change 18 of condition for the better. Such review may be filed for good 19 cause shown. On review, the Commission may make a judgment or award 20 terminating, continuing, or decreasing for the future the 21 compensation previously awarded, subject to the limits provided for 22 in this act. 23 The review and subsequent award shall be made in accordance в.

24 with the procedure prescribed in Sections 69 through 78 of this

1 title. No review shall affect any compensation paid under a prior 2 order, judgment or award.

3 C. The Commission may correct any clerical error in any 4 compensation judgment or award within one (1) year from the date of 5 its issuance.

D. Aging and the effects of aging on a compensable injury are
not to be considered in determining whether there has been a change
in physical condition. Aging or the effect of aging on a
compensable injury shall not be considered in determining permanent
disability under this section or any other section in this act.

11SECTION 12.AMENDATORY85A O.S. 2021, Section 112, is12amended to read as follows:

13 Section 112. A. The Workers' Compensation Commission shall 14 create, maintain and review a list of licensed physicians who shall 15 serve as independent medical examiners from a list of licensed 16 physicians who have completed such course study as the Commission 17 may require. An independent medical examiner must agree to examine 18 an employee within forty-five (45) days of appointment. The 19 Commission shall, to the best of its ability, include the most 20 experienced and competent physicians in the specific fields of 21 expertise utilized most often in the treatment of injured employees. 22 The period of qualification shall be two (2) years. Physicians may 23 be qualified for successive two-year periods. Physicians serving as 24 independent medical examiners on the effective date of this act

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shall serve the remainder of their respective two-year qualification
 periods and may reapply for successive qualification periods. The
 Commission may remove an independent medical examiner from the list
 for cause. <u>An independent medical examiner shall not be</u>

5 disqualified from serving based upon a probationary license status.

6 An administrative law judge may appoint an independent в. 7 medical examiner to assist in determining any issue before the Commission. In the event surgery is recommended by a treating 8 9 physician, upon request of the employer, an independent medical 10 examiner shall be appointed to determine the reasonableness and necessity of the recommended surgery. Upon request of the employee, 11 12 an independent medical examiner may be appointed to determine the 13 reasonableness and necessity of surgery recommended by a treating 14 physician. Such independent medical examiner shall be qualified to 15 perform the type of surgery recommended.

16 C. An independent medical examiner shall be selected from the 17 list of independent medical examiners within ten (10) days when the 18 employer or the employee petitions the Commission for the selection 19 of an independent medical examiner. The independent medical 20 examiner shall be certified by a recognized specialty board in the 21 area or areas appropriate to the condition under review.

D. The Commission shall, to the best of its ability, maintain a
 geographic balance of independent medical examiners.

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E. Counsel for the employee and employer are responsible for transmittal of the employee's medical records to the independent medical examiner within ten (10) days of appointment.

After a physical examination and review of medical records 4 F. 5 and other appropriate information, including depositions and surveillance video, the independent medical examiner shall submit a 6 7 verified written report to the Commission and to the parties. In the event the independent medical examiner determines that more 8 9 medical treatment is necessary, the employer shall designate a 10 treating physician to provide the indicated treatment.

G. Any independent medical examiner selected pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be reimbursed for the medical examination, reports and fees in a reasonable and customary amount set by the Commission, and these costs shall be borne by the employer.

16 H. The Commission shall create a review process to oversee on a 17 continuing basis the quality of performance and the timeliness of 18 the submission of medical findings by independent medical examiners.

I. If the Commission does not follow the opinion of the independent medical examiner on any issue, the administrative law judge or member of the Board of Review shall set out its reasons for deviating from the opinion of the independent medical examiner. The opinion of the independent medical examiner shall be followed unless there is clear and convincing evidence to the contrary.

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J. Upon receipt of an independent medical examiner's report, any party shall have the right to object to the introduction of the report into evidence. The objection must be made by giving written notification to all parties and to the Commission within ten (10) days after receipt of the report. The employer shall be responsible for the reasonable charges of the physician for such testimony, preparation time, and the expense of the deposition.

8 SECTION 13. AMENDATORY 85A O.S. 2021, Section 400, is 9 amended to read as follows:

10 Section 400. A. The Workers' Compensation Court shall be 11 renamed the Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims for the 12 purpose of hearing disputes relating to claims that arise before 13 February 1, 2014. The Court shall consist of the existing judges 14 for the remainder of his or her term. Each judge of the Court shall 15 continue to serve as the appointment to a designated position on the 16 Court. The terms of the judges by position number shall expire on 17 the following dates:

- 18 Position 4 shall expire 7-1-20.
- 19 Position 5 shall expire 7-1-20.
- 20 Position 8 shall expire 7-1-20.
- 21 Position 9 shall expire 7-1-20.

B. Effective July 1, 2020, the <u>The</u> Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims shall consist of one judge to be appointed by the Governor, with confirmation by the Senate. The judge shall be

appointed for a term to expire on July 1, 2022 2023. For the 1 2 purpose of continued operation of the Court of Existing Claims until July 1, 2027, the existing judge on the effective date of this act 3 4 shall continue to serve, with the term to expire on July 1, 2027. 5 The Governor shall select the judge from a list of three applicants submitted to the Governor by the Judicial Nominating Commission. If 6 7 the list is not acceptable to the Governor, the Governor may request from the Judicial Nominating Commission a list of names of three 8 9 additional applicants. Any present judge of the Court of Existing 10 Claims may apply to the Judicial Nominating Commission for 11 appointment to fill any position authorized by this section.

12 C. A judge may be removed for cause by the Court on the13 Judiciary prior to the expiration of his or her term.

D. Each judge shall receive a salary equal to that paid to a district judge of this state, and shall devote full time to his or her duties and shall not engage in the private practice of law during the term in office.

E. If a vacancy occurs on the Court of Existing Claims, the Governor shall appoint a judge to serve the remainder of the term from a list of three applicants submitted to the Governor by the Judicial Nominating Commission, with confirmation of the State Senate. If the list is not acceptable to the Governor, the Governor may request from the Judicial Nominating Commission a list of the names of three additional applicants.

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F. 1. Effective January 1, 2020, the <u>The</u> Governor shall
appoint an Administrator of the Court of Existing Claims, who shall
serve at the pleasure of the Governor. The Administrator shall be
appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate.
The compensation for the Administrator shall be set at ninety
percent (90%) of the compensation of a district court judge.

7 2. The Administrator shall employ and supervise the work of 8 employees of the Court and shall have the authority to expend funds 9 and contract on behalf of the Court. The Administrator may contract 10 with the Workers' Compensation Commission to provide support 11 services or personnel needs necessary to carry out the purposes of 12 the Court and shall supervise the work of any such personnel as 13 necessary to maintain the Court as a Court of Record.

G. The Court of Existing Claims shall contract with the Workers' Compensation Commission to integrate its case management and records Information Technology System into the system of the Workers' Compensation Commission with such integration to be completed on or before July 1, 2022. The Court shall be entitled to any fees generated for the retrieval of such data.

20 H. The Court shall operate by the rules adopted by the Workers'
21 Compensation Court prior to February 1, 2014.

I. The Court is hereby designated and confirmed as a court of record, with respect to any matter within the limits of its jurisdiction, and within such limits the judges thereof shall

possess the powers and prerogatives of the judges of the other courts of record of this state including the power to punish for contempt those persons who disobey a subpoena, or refuse to be sworn or to answer as a witness, when lawfully ordered to do so.

J. The principal office of the Court shall be situated in the
City of Oklahoma City in quarters assigned by the Office of
Management and Enterprise Services. The Court may hold hearings in
any city of this state.

9 K. All county commissioners and presiding district judges of 10 this state shall make quarters available for the conducting of 11 hearings by a judge of the Court upon request by the Court.

L. Judges of the Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims may punish for direct contempt pursuant to Sections 565, 565.1 and 566 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

15 The Court shall be vested with jurisdiction over all claims М. 16 filed pursuant to the Workers' Compensation Code or previous statute 17 in effect on the date of an injury that occurred before February 1, 18 2014. All claims so filed shall be heard by the judge sitting 19 without a jury. The Court shall have full power and authority to 20 determine all questions in relation to payment of claims for 21 compensation under the provisions of the Workers' Compensation Code 22 or previous statute in effect on the date of an injury that occurred 23 before February 1, 2014. The Court, upon application of either 24 party, shall order a hearing. Upon a hearing, either party may

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1 present evidence and be represented by counsel. The decision of the Court shall be final as to all questions of fact and law; provided, 2 the decision of the Court may be appealed to the Court en banc or 3 4 the Supreme Court as provided by the Workers' Compensation Code or 5 previous statute in effect on the date of an injury that occurred before February 1, 2014. In the event that an insufficient number 6 7 of active judges are available to comprise the three-judge en banc panel, retired or former judges of the district court, Workers' 8 9 Compensation Court or Workers' Compensation Court of Existing Claims 10 may be designated by the Presiding Judge of the Court of Existing 11 Claims as eligible to serve on such panel. The Governor shall 12 provide to the Court of Existing Claims a list of designated judges 13 eligible for service on the Court en banc. The decision of the 14 Court shall be issued within thirty (30) days following the 15 submission of the case by the parties. The power and jurisdiction 16 of the Court over each case shall be continuing and it may, from 17 time to time, make such modifications or changes with respect to 18 former findings or orders relating thereto if, in its opinion, it 19 may be justified.

N. For an injury occurring before February 1, 2014, all benefits and procedures to obtain benefits shall be determined by the workers' compensation law of this state in effect on the date of the injury.

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O. All accrued rights and penalties incurred pursuant to a
 final order of the Workers' Compensation Court shall be preserved.
 No accrued right, penalty incurred, or proceeding begun by virtue of
 a statute repealed by this act shall be abrogated by the terms of
 this act.

6 P. Annually, on or before the first day of July, commencing 7 with July 2019, the Administrator shall prepare and submit a report for the prior calendar year to the Governor, the Chief Justice of 8 9 the Supreme Court, the President Pro Tempore of the Senate and the 10 Speaker of the House of Representatives which shall include a 11 statement of the number of awards made and the causes of the 12 accidents leading to the injuries for which the awards were made, 13 total work load data of the Court, a detailed report of the work 14 load of the judges of the Court, a detailed statement of the 15 expenses of the office of the Administrator of Workers' Compensation 16 Court of Existing Claims, together with any other matter which the 17 Administrator deems proper to report to the Governor including any 18 recommendations he or she may desire to make.

Q. Subject to the availability of funds, the Judge of the Court of Existing Claims may employ one at-will full- or part-time special workers' compensation judge with jurisdiction to hear cases as set forth in subsection M of this section and as may be assigned by the Judge. The special workers' compensation judge shall receive

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| 1 | compensation for such services in accordance with the provisions of |
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| 2 | Section 92.1A of Title 20 of the Oklahoma Statutes. |
| 3 | SECTION 14. Sections 1 through 12 of this act shall become |
| 4 | effective November 1, 2022. |
| 5 | SECTION 15. It being immediately necessary for the preservation |
| 6 | of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby |
| 7 | declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and |
| 8 | be in full force from and after its passage and approval. |
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